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BEFORE THE ARIZONA CORPORATION COMMISSION

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JEFF HATCH-MILLER, Chairman 7006 MAR 22 Р 2: 13 WILLIAM A. MUNDELL 3 MARC SPITZER MIKE GLEASON AZ CORP COMMISSION KRISTIN K. MAYES 4 DOCUMENT CONTROL 5 IN THE MATTER OF THE APPLICATION OF DOCKET NO. W-01445A-03-0559 ARIZONA WATER COMPANY FOR AN EXTENSION OF THE SERVICE AREA UNDER ITS EXISTING CERTIFICATE OF 7 CONVENIENCE AND NECESSITY TO PROVIDE WATER UTILITY SERVICES. PROCEDURAL ORDER 8 BY THE COMMISSION: 9 In Decision No. 66893 (April 6, 2004), the Arizona Corporation Commission 10 ("Commission") granted Arizona Water Company's ("Arizona Water") application for an extension 11 of its Certificate of Convenience and Necessity ("CC&N") for its Casa Grande system, subject to 12 certain conditions. 13 AWC was ordered to file (1) a copy of the Developers' Assured Water Supply for each 14 development with the Commission within 365 days of the Decision and (2) a main extension 15 agreement associated with the extension area within 365 days of the Decision. 16 On March 30, 2005, AWC filed a Request for Additional Time to Comply with the Filing 17 Requirement ("Request"). 18 On April 5, 2005, a Procedural Order was issued directing Staff to file response to the 19 Request. 20 On April 11, 2005, Staff filed its Response. 21 On May 10, 2005, a Recommended Order was issued by the presiding Administrative Law 22 Judge. 23 On May 19, 2005, Cornman Tweedy 560, LLC ("Cornman Tweedy") and Picacho Water 24 Company ("Picacho") filed a request to intervene 25

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The Recommended Order was discussed, but not decided by the Commission at its May, 2005 Open Meeting.¹

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¹ By Procedural Order in Docket No. W-03528A-05-0281, the parties were directed to make a good faith effort to resolve this matter.

 By Procedural Order issued September 28, 2005, the Commission's Legal Staff was directed to file a legal memorandum or brief on the issue of the validity of the CC&N.

On October 5, 2005, Picacho filed a Notice of Appearance of Counsel; Motion to Consolidate; Request to File Brief on the Issue of Whether Arizona Water Company's CC&N is Null and Void and Request For Oral Argument; and Request for Ruling on Motion for Intervention.

On October 14, 2005, Arizona Water filed its Response to Picacho Water Company's Motion to Consolidate; Request to File Brief and Request for a Ruling.

On October 24, 2005, Picacho Water Company filed its Reply in Support of its Motion to Consolidate, Request to File Brief, and Request for Ruling on Motion to Intervene.

By Procedural Order issued November 14, 2005, Cornman Tweedy was granted intervention, Picacho was denied intervention, and a procedural conference was set for November 21, 2005.

The procedural conference was held as scheduled.

On November 22, 2005, the Commission's Staff filed its Legal Memorandum Pursuant to the September 28, 2005 Procedural Order ("Staff's Legal Memorandum"). Staff's Legal Memorandum concluded that Decision No. 66893 granted a CC&N to Arizona Water; the "null and void" language in the decision did not automatically divest the CC&N; and that an interest exists in the CC&N that is protected by due process, including an opportunity for notice and hearing.

On December 19, 2005, Arizona Water and Cornman Tweedy each filed their Responses to Staff's Legal Memorandum.

On January 9, 2006, Staff filed its Reply to Parties' Responses.

On February 17, 2006, Cornman Tweedy filed correspondence concerning data requests.

On February 24, 2006, Comman Tweedy filed a Request to Set Hearing Date.

On March 7, 2006, Cornman Tweedy filed a Motion to Compel Discovery.

On March 16, 2005, Arizona Water filed its Response to Request to Set Hearing Date; Response to Motion to Compel; Motion for Procedural Conference; and Request for Additional Time to Comply with Filing Request.

At the November 21, 2005 procedural conference, Cornman Tweedy indicated that it adopted the Motion made by Picacho to consolidate this matter with Picacho's pending application for an

extension of its CC&N,² additional oral arguments were heard on the Motion, and timeframes for filing additional arguments were discussed.³ Also discussed at the procedural conference were timeframes for responses to Staff's Legal Memorandum on the issue of whether the Certificate of Convenience and Necessity granted in Decision No. 66893 is null and void.

Motion to Consolidate

The Motion to Consolidate filed October 5, 2005, requested that the Commission consolidate this Arizona Water docket with Picacho Water's application for a CC&N (Docket No. W-03528A-05-0281). According to the Motion, the central issue is the same in both dockets – whether the CC&N granted to Arizona Water in Decision No. 66893 remains in effect. The Motion also argues that the parties' rights will not be prejudiced and that issues concerning the burden of proof would be addressed in an evidentiary hearing.

In Arizona Water's Response to the Motion, it argues that the attempts to reverse the Commission's decision constitute an improper collateral attack on Decision No. 66893. Arizona Water also argues that the requirements of A.A.C. R14-3-109(H) are not met because the issues in the two matters are not substantially the same. Arizona Water states that in this docket, the "central remaining issue is whether a developer and its own captive water company may frustrate that well-supported and non-appealable finding of the public interest at this late stage by unilaterally preventing the occurrence of certain events with the timeframes established by the Commission. While the stakes are substantial, they hinge on a relatively simple legal question created by the developer's own actions to obstruct Arizona Water Company's performance by a deadline included in a previously granted CCN." Arizona Water also argues that the second prong of A.A.C. R14-3-109(H) is not met because consolidation would cause severe prejudice to Arizona Water.

In its Reply in support of its Motion, Cornman Tweedy argues that it is not seeking to collaterally attack Decision No.66893, but that it would like the Commission to enforce it as written.

During the procedural conference, counsel for Cornman Tweedy was unable to articulate how

² Docket No. W-03528A-05-0281.

³ Cornman Tweedy was given until November 28, 2005 to file any additional supplemental arguments on the Motion to Consolidate, and on that date, filed a Notice of Appearance of Counsel that indicated that Cornman Tweedy stood on the Motion and arguments made by Pichaco Water, and made no supplemental argument. On December 7, 2005, Arizona Water filed its Adoption of Previous Briefing Regarding Cornman Tweedy, LLC.

provide evidence and testimony from its experience as to whether Arizona Water has taken steps to comply with the conditions in Decision No. 66893 or refused or delayed in providing it service. Accordingly, the Motion to Consolidate should be denied.

CC&N Status

In Staff's opinion as set forth in its Memorandum, Reply, and oral argument, Arizona Water continues to hold a valid CC&N for the extension area. Staff argues that Decision No. 66893's language that the Decision is null and void in the event the conditions are not met does not automatically divest the CC&N under the circumstances involved in this case.

Pichaco Water's CC&N application was related to the question in this proceeding, which is "why has

Arizona Water not complied with the conditions in Decision No. 66893 and do those reasons merit an

extension of time for Arizona Water to comply?" (November 21, 2005 Tr. pp 24-26.) The issue

before the Commission currently is not which company should be providing service in the area, but

rather, whether an extension of time to comply with conditions should be granted. Intervention was

granted to Cornman Tweedy because it owns property in the affected area, and can potentially

Arizona Water joined in Staff's position that due process requires Arizona Water to be given notice and the opportunity to be heard prior to taking action affecting its CC&N extension. Arizona Water asserts that the grant of a CC&N "creates a vested property right similar to a contract between the utility and the State", citing Application of Trico Electric Cooperative, Inc., 92 Ariz. 373. Arizona Water argues that Cornman Tweedy should not be allowed to intentionally block and frustrate the occurrence of a condition subsequent that would result in the automatic forfeiture of the constitutionally-protected CC&N rights. Arizona Water further argues that the Commission has previously regularly granted extensions of time to comply and has even disregarded the failure of such conditions related to other CC&Ns. Arizona Water requested that the Commission approve its Request for Additional Time to Comply or rule that the conditions have been discharged by Cornman Tweedy's bad faith conduct and no longer form a basis upon which the CC&N can be challenged.

Comman Tweedy argues that the Commission has authority to issue decisions requiring compliance with conditions. However, it distinguishes the facts of the <u>Trico</u> case from this proceeding, stating that Trico had fully vested rights in the territory, and here, Arizona Water had not

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obtained a fully vested right to serve. Cornman Tweedy argues that self-executing language automatically rendering a CC&N null and void is valid and enforceable. It asserts that Arizona Water had its notice and procedural due process rights at the time the Commission entered Decision No. 66893. Cornman Tweedy also argues that filing a request one week prior to the expiration of the deadline "does not save [Arizona Water] from the operation of the plain language of the decision." Finally, Cornman Tweedy argues that failure to adhere to the language of the decision would undermine good regulatory policy.

In its Reply to Arizona Water and Cornman Tweedy's Responses to Staff's Legal Memorandum, Staff argues that there is no "contract" between the company and the state, and cites to US West Communications, Inc. v. Arizona Corp. Comm'n, 197 Ariz. 16, 3 P.3d 936 (App. 1999) and Phelps Dodge Corp. v. Arizona Elec. Power Coop., Inc., 207 Ariz. 95 (App. 2004). Staff also disagrees with Arizona Water's position that it has a "vested property right" in its CN&N, and states that "[n]either the Phelps Dodge or US West opinions, nor Article 15, Section 7 state that a utility has a vested property right in a CC&N granted under A.R.S. § 40-281, 282." Staff's January 9, 2006 Reply, p. 3. In response to Cornman Tweedy's arguments, Staff states that it does not dispute that in appropriate circumstances where a compelling interest exists, a CC&N order may become null and void if the conditions are not met. But Staff states that the facts of this case are not such that Arizona Water should be denied notice and an opportunity to be heard. Staff also points out that there is no language in the Decision prohibiting notice and hearing, and that none of the cases cited by Cornman Tweedy include the word "automatically" before "null and void". Staff concludes that Arizona Water's procedural due process rights do not confer either a CC&N contract or a vested property right.

Staff notes that Arizona Water timely filed a Request for Additional Time to Comply with the conditions, making its filing prior to the expiration of the 365 day period for compliance. What has not been noted by the parties is that a Procedural Order was issued on April 5, 2005, directing the Commission's Staff to respond to the Request for Additional Time to Comply on or before April 11, 2005. Accordingly, the filing of the Request for Additional Time to Comply, and the issuance of the April 5, 2005 Procedural Order have stayed the time deadlines contained in Decision No. 66893 until

further order of the Commission on the Request for Additional Time to Comply. Consequently, Arizona Water's CC&N for the extension area remains in effect pending such ruling.

Further, as Staff recommends, it is appropriate to provide Arizona Water an opportunity to be heard on its request for additional time for compliance, prior to any action that may be taken by the Commission. Although the pleadings filed to date have provided information as to why Arizona Water has not complied, that information is not sworn testimony or evidence, and the parties have not, to date, stipulated to facts. Accordingly, an evidentiary hearing should be scheduled to hear testimony and evidence on the circumstances and events that have resulted in Arizona Water not complying with the time periods established in Decision No. 66893. The hearing will not be a reopening of the Decision granting Arizona Water a CC&N and will not address whether a different water utility should be providing service to the extension area. Staff should also be prepared to provide testimony explaining why such time periods for compliance are recommended and included in Commission decisions, how the determination is made as to how long to give for compliance, how requests for additional time to comply are analyzed by Staff, and any other relevant policy issues that need to be addressed in this proceeding.

Accordingly, a procedural conference should be held to discuss the issues related to discovery, and to set a date for the evidentiary hearing.

IT IS THEREFORE ORDERED that the Motion to Consolidate is denied.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that Arizona Water Company's Request for Additional Time to Comply and the Procedural Order issued April 5, 2005 have stayed Decision No. 66893's time for compliance with the conditions until further order of the Commission, and Arizona Water Company's Certificate of Convenience and Necessity for the extension area remains valid and in effect until the Commission makes a ruling on the Request for Additional Time to Comply.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that a **procedural conference** shall be held on **April 3, 2006, at** 1:30 p.m., or as soon thereafter as is practical, at the Commission's offices, 1200 West Washington Street, Arizona 85007.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that the Ex Parte Rule (A.A.C. R14-3-113 - Unauthorized Communications) remains in effect.

1	IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that the Presiding Officer may rescind, alter, amend, or waive
2	any portion of this Procedural Order by subsequent Procedural Order.
3	DATED this 22 day of March, 2006
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7	CHIEF ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE
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9	Copies of the foregoing mailed/delivered thisday of March, 2006 to:
10	Robert W. Geake Arizona Water Company
11	Post Office Box 29006 Phoenix, Arizona 85038
12	Steven A. Hirsch
13 14	BRYAN CAVE LLP Two North Central Avenue, Ste. 2200 Phoenix, AZ 85004-4406
15	Jeffrey W. Crockett
16	SNELL & WILMER One Arizona Center Phoenix, AZ 85004
17	Christopher Kempley, Chief Counsel
18	Legal Division ARIZONA CORPORATION COMMISSION
19	1200 West Washington Street Phoenix, Arizona 85007
20	Ernest G. Johnson, Director
21	Utilities Division ARIZONA CORPORATION COMMISSION
22	1200 West Washington Street Phoenix, Arizona 85007
23	ARIZONA REPORTING SERVICE, INC.
24	2627 N. Third Street, Ste. Three Phoenix, Arizona 85004-1104
25	
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27	Molly Johnson Secretary to Lyn Farmer
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